by Robynn Weldon

As comforting to knit as it is to wear, this cowl makes an elegant, unfussy, naturally shaped layer that will tuck under your coat or ride on top of it with equal ease.

Wraparoche is a satisfying introduction to brioche knitting, using simple shaping to form a gentle funnel from your shoulders to neck with an elegant dip at the centre front and back.

It is designed for approximately 200 g of yarn in any weight. (Sample is shown in worsted weight; instructions are given for fingering or sport weight, or adapting for other gauges.) Tutorials are included for two-colour cast-on and cast-off techniques.

## RATING <br> Intermediate

## Skills used:

Two-colour braided cast-on (tutorial included), working in the round, brioche rib, brioche increasing and decreasing, two-colour brioche castoff (tutorial included).

## SIZE

Approx $51 \mathrm{~cm} / 20$ in around at top, unstretched; $24 \mathrm{~cm} / 9.5$ in high

YOU WILL NEED
200 gyarn-100 $g$ in each of two colours.

Circular needle $40 \mathrm{~cm} / 16$ in long (or your preferred needles for working small circumferences in the round) in a suitable size to achieve a pleasant fabric, not too stiff, in your chosen yarn.

4 stitch markers
yarn needle

## WORSTED WEIGHT (AS SHOWN)

 Gauge:14 sts $\times 20$ rounds $=10 \mathrm{~cm} / 4$ in square in brioche rib, unstretched.

Yarn: $165 \mathrm{~m} / 180 \mathrm{yds}$ in each shade. Sample uses Wolff \& Schafe Romulus ( $100 \%$ merino; $166 \mathrm{~m} / 181$ yds per 100 g skein): 1 skein in Barbara (BC) and 1 skein in Rose Quartz in Ice (FC).

5 mm / US8 circular needle

## SPORT WEIGHT

## Gauge:

18 sts $\times 24$ rounds $=10 \mathrm{~cm} / 4$ in square in brioche rib, unstretched, using 4mm / US6 circular needle.

## FINGERING WEIGHT

## Gauge:

22 sts $\times 28$ rounds $=10 \mathrm{~cm} / 4$ in square in brioche rib, unstretched, using $3.5 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{US}_{4}$ circular needle.

## OTHER GAUGES

Stitch counts are given as follows: worsted (sport, fingering) (X: $\qquad$ ).

Use the $\qquad$ space to write your own stitch counts, as calculated below, if working to a different gauge.

Knit a swatch in brioche rib and count the number of stitches in $10 \mathrm{~cm} / 4 \mathrm{in}$; divide the result by four.

## Stitches Per Inch (SPI):

$\qquad$
Multiply this SPI figure by 34 and round to the nearest multiple of 4 to get your cast-on count (CO): $\qquad$
Divide by 4 for stitch marker placement (SMI): $\qquad$
Multiply SPI by 25 and round to the nearest multiple of 8 for the stitch count at the end of the decrease section (DS): $\qquad$
Subtract DS from CO: Divide this result by 4 and subtract 2 to get the number of decrease repeats (DR): $\qquad$
Divide DS by 8 for stitch marker placement (SM2):

